

S 183 Nr. 1 a)

$$\frac{B(1)}{B(0)} = \frac{35}{28} = 1,25$$

$$\frac{B(2)}{B(1)} = \frac{44}{35} \approx 1,257$$

$$\frac{B(3)}{B(2)} = \frac{58}{44} \approx 1,318$$

$$\frac{B(4)}{B(3)} = \frac{70}{58} \approx 1,207$$

$$\frac{B(5)}{B(4)} = \frac{90}{70} \approx 1,286$$

Mittelwert  $\approx 1,264$

$$B(n) = 28 \cdot 1,264^n = 28 \cdot e^{\ln(1,264)n} = 28 \cdot e^{n \cdot \ln(1,264)}$$

$$B(n) = 28 \cdot e^{0,234 \cdot n}$$

$$f(x) = 28 \cdot 1,264^x = 28 \cdot e^{0,234 \cdot x}$$

$$f(t_v) = 28 \cdot e^{0,234 \cdot t_v} = 2 \cdot 28$$

$$e^{0,234 \cdot t_v} = 2 \quad | \ln$$

$$0,234 \cdot t_v = \ln(2)$$

$$\text{Verdoppelungszeit; } t_v = \frac{\ln(2)}{0,234} \approx \underline{\underline{2,962 \text{ Jahre}}}$$

b)  $B(n) = B(0) \cdot e^{kn}$ ,  $B(0) = 9,1$

$$B(50) = 9,1 \cdot e^{k \cdot 50} = 6,1$$

$$e^{k \cdot 50} = \frac{6,1}{9,1} \quad | \ln \Rightarrow k \cdot 50 = \ln\left(\frac{6,1}{9,1}\right)$$

$$k = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{6,1}{9,1}\right)}{50}$$

$$k \approx \underline{\underline{-0,0079997}}$$

Halbwertszeit =  $T_H$

$$f(T_H) = 9,1 \cdot e^{k \cdot T_H} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9,1 \Rightarrow e^{k \cdot T_H} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow k \cdot T_H = \ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$T_H = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{k} \approx \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{-0,0079997} \approx \underline{\underline{86,65 \text{ Jahre}}}$$

c) Regression mit GTR  $\Rightarrow a \approx 84,569$ ,  $b \approx 0,77745$

$$f(x) = 84,569 \cdot 0,77745^x \approx 84,569 \cdot e^{x \cdot \ln(0,77745)}$$

$$f(x) = 84,569 \cdot e^{x \cdot (-0,25173)} \Rightarrow f(T_H) = 84,569 \cdot e^{-0,25173 \cdot T_H} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 84,569$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{T_H}} = \frac{\ln(0,5)}{k} \approx \frac{\ln(0,5)}{-0,25173} \approx \underline{\underline{2,75 \text{ Jahre}}}$$