

S 153 Nr 1

a) $f(x) = 2 \sin(3x) \Rightarrow$ Amplitude $a = 2$
 Periode $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{3} = \frac{2}{3}\tilde{\pi}$

b) $f(x) = 3 \sin(0,5x) \Rightarrow a = 3$
 $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{0,5} = 4\tilde{\pi}$

c) $f(x) = 0,1 \sin(100x) \Rightarrow a = 0,1$
 $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{100} = \frac{1}{50}\tilde{\pi}$

d) $f(x) = -2 \sin(x-2) \Rightarrow a = |-2| = 2$
 $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{1} = 2\tilde{\pi}$ *sin Funktion um 2 LE nach rechts verschoben*

e) $f(x) = 0,5 \cdot \sin(4 \cdot (x-3)) \Rightarrow a = 0,5$
 $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{4} = \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\pi}$
 3 LE nach rechts verschoben

f) $f(x) = -\sin(4(x+0,2)) \Rightarrow a = |-1| = 1$
 $p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{4} = \frac{1}{2}\tilde{\pi}$

S 153 Nr 2

a) $f(x) = \sin(bx), p = \tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{b} = \tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b=2}}$

b) $f(x) = \sin(bx), p = 4\tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{b} = 4\tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b = \frac{1}{2}}}$

c) $f(x) = \sin(bx); p = 3 \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{b} = 3 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{3}}}$

d) $f(x) = \sin\left(\frac{x}{b}\right); p = 2 \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{\frac{1}{b}} = 2 \Rightarrow b \cdot 2\tilde{\pi} = 2 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b = \frac{1}{\tilde{\pi}}}}$

e) $f(x) = \sin(b(x-2)); p = 2\tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{b} = 2\tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b=1}}$

f) $f(x) = -\sin\left(\frac{x}{2b}\right); p = \tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow p = \frac{2\tilde{\pi}}{\frac{1}{2b}} = \tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow 4b\tilde{\pi} = \tilde{\pi} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{b = \frac{1}{4}}}$